

O V E R

Overwork takes a buge toll on employee health and morale—and

COMING

eventually, on company performance. Does your organizational

O V E R

environment push people into overdoing? There is a better way.

DOING

BY LISA REINHART AND ELIZABETH DANZIGER

↑he head of human resources at a major corporation asked recently, "Why should I train people to overcome overdoing? At our company, we promote overdoing." But studies show that an organizational environment that promotes compulsive overwork ultimately loses productivity. When overdoing becomes the norm, absenteeism rises, health-care costs rise, creativity languishes, and productivity plummets.

When we say "overdoing," we mean doing so much work that a person loses a sense of identity, loses touch with physical needs, and loses touch with other people. Some people believe that they can't stop working. That belief may be compelled by staggering workloads or by compulsive workaholism. Either way, their health and their family relationships suffer. Ironically, so does their productivity.

Whether their overwork is situational or ongoing, people who have gone beyond hard work into compulsive overdoing have many behaviors in common. They are always in a rush-or they are impatient and irritable but don't know why. Many use coffee, cigarettes, sugar, or excessive

exercise to pep them up-and alcohol or other substances to help them slow down. But when they disconnect from their own fatigue and stress levels, they lose the ability to pace themselves and to know when their judgment has been impaired.

This syndrome has become increasingly common-and increasingly costly-during recent decades. Juliet Schor, author of The Overworked American: The Unexpected Decline of Leisure, writes, "Nearly one in three adults say they experience high stress every day.... Workers' compensation claims related to stress tripled during the first half of the 1980s alone."

Organizational overdoing

In an atmosphere where everyone is overloaded, people don't feel challenged and excited anymore. They just feel stressed out.

Every office goes through spurts

of intense pressure to meet particular deadlines or fill particular orders, but such periods are normally followed by less-pressured periods. If the high pressure never stops, you might consider whether your office is a workaddicted environment

How can you tell if your organization is too dependent on overwork? Everyone has her or his own patterns of work. And every organization has its own way of managing work-and overwork. Do people in your organization believe they are working more and producing less than they used to? If such beliefs are widespread, they may indicate an organizational environment that pushes people into overdoing.

The overdoing syndrome manifests itself in measurable ways in an organization, including the following:

a decrease in work output, as people lose their ability to "bounce back" from the perpetual pressure to maintain the work pace

 an increase in absenteeism due to illness, particularly stress-related illness such as back pain, migraine, temporomandibular joint syndrome (a problem with the jaw), eating disorders, sleep

> disorders, and high blood pressure

an increase in accidents due to fatigue, overexertion, or poor concentration; people may take on loads they know will injure them, because the workaholic environment leaves them reluctant to refuse supervisors' requests.

The illnesses and accidents lead to an increase in medical insurance claims and workers' compensation claims. Donald De Carlo, senior vicepresident and general counsel for the Gulf Insurance Company, is the author of Stress in the American Workplace: Alternative for the Walking Wounded. In it, he writes that workaholics are dangerous to themselves and others. He says such people are partially responsible for the \$150 million in stress-related claims filed each year.

In other words, overdoing can be damaging, both to employees' health and to companies' bottom lines.

Alternatives to overwork

Companies that reverse the trend of overwork are likely to see positive

In Changes magazine, De Carlo reports on the case of a manufacturing company in which three plants were making the same product, Stress and physical-injury claims were disproportionately high at one of the plants. An industrial psychologist investigated and discovered that workaholic managers at that plant were loading tremendous stress on workers. By changing the management style at the plant, the company was able to increase productivity and reduce accidents over a period of three years. Unfortunately, De Carlo laments, few companies deal directly with the problem in that way.

Some organizations have found other ways of overcoming overdoing. For example, teaching employees to "lighten up" about their workloads and themselves can help relieve the stress associated with overwork.

Cathy Fowler is a trainer with US West Communications, a 63,000employee company based in Colorado. She says that her company went through a series of "lighten-up" training programs from the C.W. Metcalf Company. The training taught people to take their jobs seriously, she says-but not to take themselves too seriously.

"We see definite changes in people's ability to handle their workloads" since the training, Fowler says. "It has increased people's flexibility and ability to handle groups. People's attitudes have improved, and they feel less overwhelmed. Everyone from managers and lawyers to [line workers] uses these techniques.

The training offers US West employees a variety of mechanisms for lowering their stress levels. For example, when managers expect a meeting to include a potentially stressful discussion, they might suggest that people bring clown noses with them to lighten the atmosphere.

Saturn Corporation, the General Motors subsidiary, has taken a similar approach. Laurie Danko, training team leader at Saturn, says the company brought in "lighten-up" training two years ago, and found that it applied both to employees' work

lives and to their home lives.

"People found that they were able to cope with stress and increased workloads much differently than they had ever thought," Danko explains. She says that the training helped employees enjoy their work more, despite having a lot of work to do. It also showed them how to renegotiate their workloads to avoid overdoing.

Eight ways to overcome overdoing

Trainers can work with managers and HR specialists to help create an environment in which employees can thrive for the long term. Workers who suffer from true work addiction are likely to need personal counseling before they can really give up their compulsion to overwork. But companies that heed eight basic principles can help employees who are overworked and would like to stop:

- Be flexible. Try to allow flexible hours. Give employees some say in organizing and carrying out their work. Charles Rodgers, vice-president of the Boston consulting firm Work/Family Directions, says, "A lot of people want flexible hours, not shorter hours."
- Teach people to negotiate alternatives. When requested to do more than they can handle, many people don't know how to say no. They take on tasks that they don't know how to do. Or they accept work that they don't have time to do well. Teach them to ask, "How firm is this time deadline?" or "Is there anyone else who could do this?" Have them communicate information about their current workloads, so that managers can assign work as equitably as possible.
- Set realistic deadlines. Don't create artificial pressure; if something really isn't urgent, tell a worker, for instance, "This does not have to be done immediately, but I do need it by the end of the month."
- Pay back overtime with time, not with money. Where legal, allow people to bank overtime hours for use as vacation, and require them to use accrued vacation time by the end of each year.
- Encourage employees to exercise regularly. Regular exercise causes the body to release endorphins, which reduce stress and anxiety and

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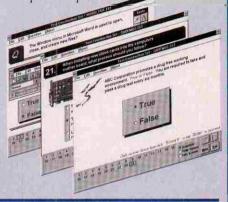
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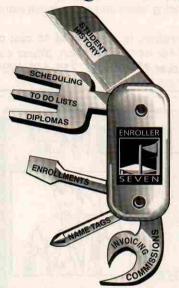
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Resources on Quality of Work Life

Need more information on enhancing the quality of work life or balancing work with personal life? Try the following articles that have appeared recently in Training & Development.

- "Violence in the Workplace," by Helen Frank Bensimon. January 1994.
- "Family Ties and Bottom Lines," by Bonnie Michaels and Elizabeth McCarty. March 1993.
- "Through Japanese Eyes," by William C. Byham and George Dixon. March 1993.
- "Balancing Act," by Betsy Jacobson and Beverly Kave. February 1993.

"Enhance Your Sense of Self-Mirth," by Terry Braverman. July 1993.

Your Personal Mission Statement: A Foundation for Your Future," by George L. Morrisey. November 1992.

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improve concentration and morale. You may be able to negotiate a group rate at a local gym or offer onsite yoga or aerobics classes.

- Offer nutritious foods for snacks during breaks. Coffee, soft drinks, candy bars, and cookies give people short bursts of energy. But ultimately, junk food can make people tired and irritable. Provide milk, fruit juice, herbal teas, rice cakes, or whole-grain crackers as alternatives.
- Do business during business hours only. Avoid scheduling meetings before and after regular work hours.
- Lighten up. Every situation has a potentially humorous side-if you look for it. Find the absurdity in difficult situations. Look for ways to help people take themselves less seriously; for example, bring rubber chickens or other toys to deadly-serious meetings. Work is important. But in the end, it is only one part of a well-balanced life.

Balanced workloads: the trend of the future

Overwork just doesn't work anymore. People cannot sustain the pace and stay sane and productive. The people who overwork because they cannot stop-for organizational or personal reasons-will ultimately burn themselves out. Some employees cannot accept alternatives to overdoing because of their own inner drives. Consider referring such people to the company's employee-assistance program for professional counseling.

The real winners will be those

Eight Ways To Overcome Overwork

- Be flexible.
- Teach people to negotiate alternatives.
- Set realistic deadlines.
- Pay back overtime with time, not with money.
- Encourage employees to exercise regularly.
- Have nutritious foods available for snacks during breaks.
- Try to do business only during business hours.
- Lighten up.

who know how to pace themselves and recharge their energy reserves as they go along. People may find that when they stop overdoing, their "doing" will be more satisfying and more complete.

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